TOSHIBA BI-CMOS INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

TD62C851PG,TD62C852PG

8BIT SERIAL-IN PARALLEL-OUT SHIFT REGISTER / LATCH DRIVERS

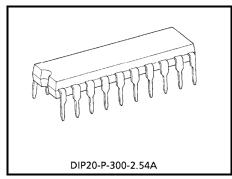
The TD62C851PG and TD62C852PG are monolithic circuits designed to be used together with Bi–CMOS integrated circuits. The devices consist of a 8bit shift register, 8bit latches, and 8 output circuits (integral clamp diodes for switching inductive loads).

The suffix (G) appended to the part number represents a Lead (Pb)-Free product.

FEATURES

- 8bit serial-in parallel-out shift register / latch driver (Bi-CMOS process)
- Output sustaining voltage ; 50 V
- Output current; TD62C851PG 200 mA / ch (Low saturation type) TD62C852PG 500 mA / ch (darlington type)
- Built-in output clamp diodes
- CMOS compatible inputs
- Package ; DIP20-P-300A

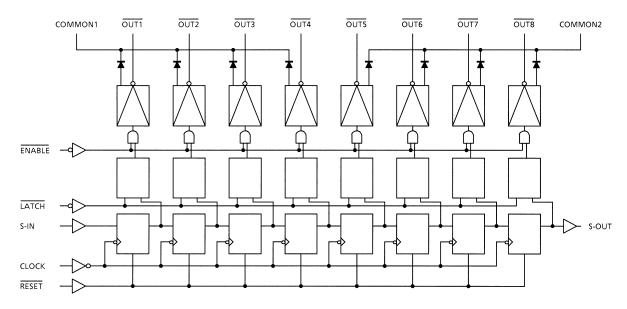
PIN CONNECTION (TOP VIEW)



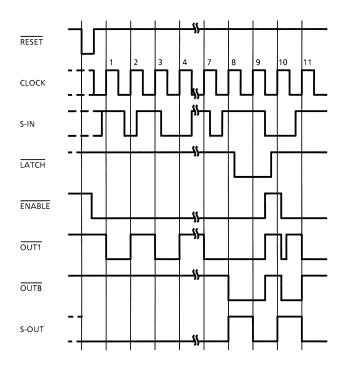
Weight: 2.25 g (typ.)

gnd [20	□ v _{cc}
Ē	2	19	ĪŔ
LATCH	3	18] сік
s-out [4	17	s-in
P _G [5	16	□ _{PG}
сом2 [6	15	сом1
05 [7	14	04
<u> </u>	8	13	03
07 [9	12	02
08	10	11	01

BLOCK DIAGRAM

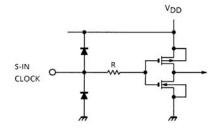


TIMING DIAGRAM

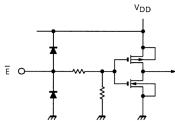


EQUIVALENT OF INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

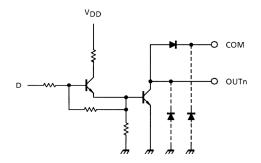
S-IN, clock terminal equivalent circuits



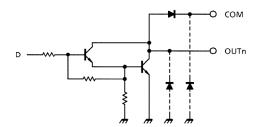
ENABLE terminal equivalent circuits



Output terminal equivalent circuits (TD62C851PG)

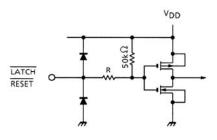


Output terminal equivalent circuits (TD62C852PG)



The output parasitic diode cannot be used as clamp diode. Note:

LATCH, RESET terminal equivalent circuits



S-OUT terminal equivalent circuits

-O S-OUT

VDD

D

TRUTH TABLE

СК	Ē	R	LATCH	S-IN		JT	S-OUT	
					01	On		
	L	Н	н	L	OFF	On - 1	Q ₇	
	L	Н	Н	Н	ON	On - 1	Q7	
ſ	L	Н	L	(*)	NC	NC	Q ₇	
	Н	Н	(*)	(*)	OFF	NC	Q ₇	
	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	NC	NC	Q7	
(*)	(*)	L	н	(*)	OFF	OFF	L	
(*)	Н	Ъ	L	NC	NC	L		
	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$							

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARAC	TERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage		V _{DD}	-0.3~7.0	V
Output Sustaining Voltage		V _{CE (SUS)}	-0.5~50	V
Output Current	TD62C851PG	Гоцт	200	mA / ch
Output Current	TD62C852PG	1001	500	
Input Voltage		V _{IN}	~0.4~V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Power Dissipation		PD	1.47	W
Operating Temperature		T _{opr}	-40~85	°C
Storage Temperate	ure	T _{stg}	-55~150	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Ta = -40~85°C)

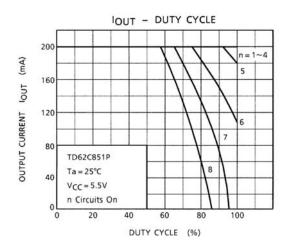
CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	COI	NDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT	
Supply Voltag	ge		V _{DD}		_		5.0	5.5	V
Input Voltage	•		V _{IN}		_	0	_	V _{DD}	V
Output Curre	nt ("H" Level)	S-OUT	I _{OH}	Ta = 25°C		—	_	-0.4	mA
Output Voltag	ge ("L" Level)	Ōn	V _{OH}		_	0	_	50	V
		S-OUT			_	_	-	0.4	
				DC 1 circuit, Ta	= 25°C	0	_	160	
	TD62C 851PG		IOL	8 circuit on T _{pw} = 25 ms Ta = 85°C V _{DD} = 5.5 V	Duty = 10%	0	_	160	
Output Current	0011 0	- On			Duty = 40%	0	-	95	mA / ch
("L" Level)		Oli		D C 1 circuit, Ta = 25°C		0	_	400	
	TD62C 852PG			8 circuit on T _{pw} = 25 ms Ta = 85°C V _{DD} = 5.5 V	Duty = 10%	0	_	400 170	
					Duty = 50%	0	_		
Clock Freque	Clock Frequency		^f CLOCK	-		1.5	-	—	MHz
Clock Pulse Width		fw CLOCK	-		0.33	-	-	μs	
Data Set Up Time		t _{setup}	_		100	—	—	ns	
Data Hold Time		t _{hold}		_		_	_	ns	
Clamp Diode Reverse Voltage		VR		_	0	_	50	V	
Clamp Diode	Forward	TD62C851PG	I-		_	0	_	160	mA
Current		TD62C852PG	١ _F	_		0	_	400	

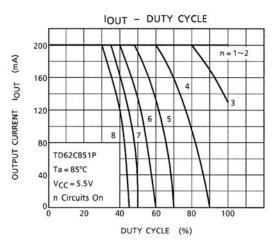
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = -40~85°C)

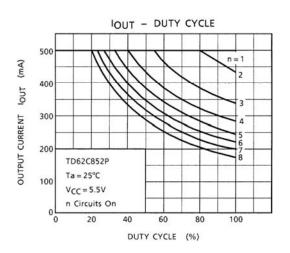
CHARACTERISTIC			SYMBOL	TEST CIR- CUIT	TEST C	ONDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT		
"H" Level		VIH	_	_		0.7 V _{DD}	_	_				
Input Voltag	le	"L	' Level	V _{IL}	_		_		_	0.3 V _{DD}	V	
		"H	" Level	Iн	_	ENABLE, V _{DE} V _{IH} = V _{DD}	₀ = 5.5 V	28	55	110		
Input Currei	nt	"L	' Level	Ι _{ΙL}	_		LATCH, RESET V _{DD} = 5.5 V, V _{IL} = GND		-110	-275	μA	
				l _{IN}	—	CLOCK, S-IN V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		I	—	±1.0		
	"H" Level	S-OUT		V _{OH}	_	V _{DD} = 4.5 V I _{OH} = -10 μA		3.9	4.1	—	V	
		S	-OUT			V _{DD} = 4.5 V	I _{OL} = 0.8 mA		0.2	0.4	v	
Output Voltage			TD62C				I _{OL} = 100 mA	—	0.29	0.50		
vollage	"L" Level	'L" Level On	851P	V _{OL}	—		I _{OL} = 160 mA	_	0.39	0.65		
			On	TD62C				I _{OL} = 250 mA	_	1.24	1.90	
			852P				I _{OL} = 400 mA	—	1.54	2.30		
Output Current	"H" Level		Ōn	Юн	_	V _{DD} = 5.5 V, V _{OH} = 50.0 V		_	_	100	μA	
				I _{DD1}			ENABLE = "H"	_	130	200		
Operating Supply Current TD62C851PG TD62C852PG		I _{DD2}	 		V _{DD} = 5.5 V Ta = 25°C	f _{CLK} = 1 MHz Output open DATA = 1 / 2 ENABLE = "H"	_	2.0	5.0	mA		
					1 circuit on	_	35	40				
		I _{DD3}			f _{CLK} = 1 MHz ENABLE = "L"	_	1.0	1.5				
Clamp Diode Reverse Current		I _R	—	V _R = 50 V	1	_	_	50	μA			
Clamp Diod	Clamp Diode TD62C851PG		2C851PG	N		I _F = 160 mA		_	1.0	2.0		
		TD62	2C852PG	VF	_	I _F = 400 mA		_	1.5	2.0	V	

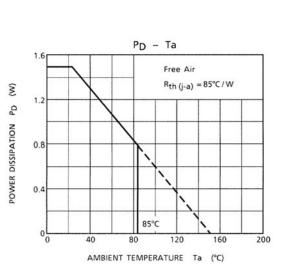
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

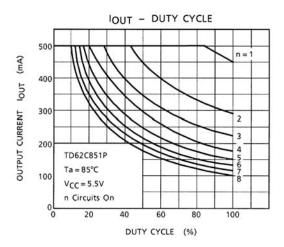
CHARACTERISTIC			SYMBOL	TEST CIR- CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
		CK-S-OUT				_	0.40	0.65	
		CK- On				_	1.80	3.00	
	Low-to -High	L- On	t _{pLH}	—		_	2.10	3.50	
	Ū	R- On				-	1.50	2.50	
Propagation		E- On				-	1.50	2.50	
Delay Time		CK-S-OUT			$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{IH} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{Duty} = 50\%$ $R_{L} = \begin{pmatrix} 300 \ \Omega \ (\text{TD62C851}) \\ 120 \ \Omega \ (\text{TD62C852}) \end{pmatrix}$	_	0.33	0.55	μs
		CK- On	^t pHL	_		-	0.41	0.70	
	High-to -Low	L- On				_	0.30	0.50	
		R-S-OUT				-	0.25	0.42	
		E- On				_	0.21	0.35	
Maximum Cloo	k Frequency	/	f _{MAX}	_		1.5	2.0	_	MHz
		CLOCK	t _{wCK}			-	250	330	
Minimum Pulse Width		LATCH	t _{wL}	_		—	116	160	ns
		RESET	t _{wR}			_	107	140	
Data Set Up Time		t _{setup}				30	60	ns	
Data Hold Time		t _{hold}			_	14	40	115	
Maximum Clock Rise Time		tr			—	70	_	ns	
Maximum Clock Fall Time		t _f			_	70	_	115	

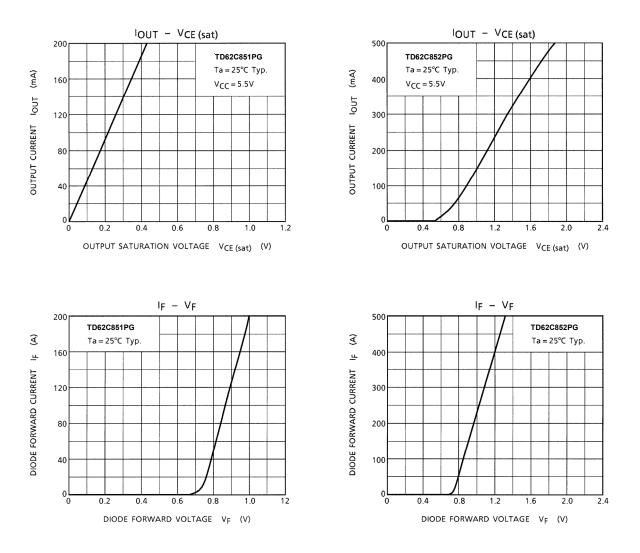












PRECAUTIONS FOR USING

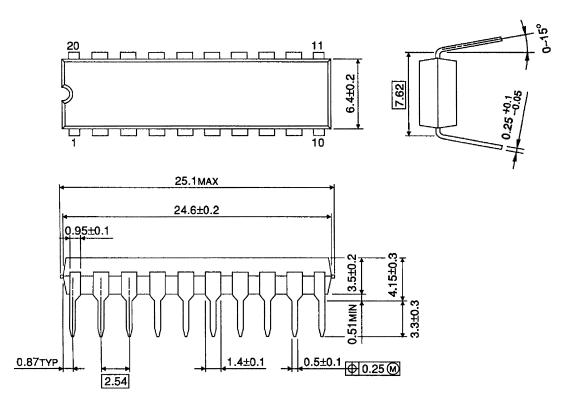
This IC does not integrate protection circuits such as overcurrent and overvoltage protectors. Thus, if excess current or voltage is applied to the IC, the IC may be damaged. Please design the IC so that excess current or voltage will not be applied to the IC.

Utmost care is necessary in the design of the output line, V_{CC} and GND line since IC may be destroyed due to short-circuit between outputs, air contamination fault, or fault by improper grounding.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

DIP20-P-300-2.54A

Unit: mm



Weight: 2.25 g (Typ.)

Notes on Contents

1. Block Diagrams

Some of the functional blocks, circuits, or constants in the block diagram may be omitted or simplified for explanatory purposes.

2. Equivalent Circuits

The equivalent circuit diagrams may be simplified or some parts of them may be omitted for explanatory purposes.

3. Timing Charts

Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purposes.

IC Usage Considerations

Notes on Handling of ICs

- The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of ratings that must not be exceeded, even for a moment. Do not exceed any of these ratings. Exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.
- (2) Use an appropriate power supply fuse to ensure that a large current does not continuously flow in case of over current and/or IC failure. The IC will fully break down when used under conditions that exceed its absolute maximum ratings, when the wiring is routed improperly or when an abnormal pulse noise occurs from the wiring or load, causing a large current to continuously flow and the breakdown can lead smoke or ignition. To minimize the effects of the flow of a large current in case of breakdown, appropriate settings, such as fuse capacity, fusing time and insertion circuit location, are required.
- (3) If your design includes an inductive load such as a motor coil, incorporate a protection circuit into the design to prevent device malfunction or breakdown caused by the current resulting from the inrush current at power ON or the negative current resulting from the back electromotive force at power OFF. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition. Use a stable power supply with ICs with built-in protection functions. If the power supply is unstable, the protection function may not operate, causing IC breakdown. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.
- (4) Do not insert devices in the wrong orientation or incorrectly. Make sure that the positive and negative terminals of power supplies are connected properly. Otherwise, the current or power consumption may exceed the absolute maximum rating, and exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion. In addition, do not use any device that is applied the current with inserting in the wrong orientation or incorrectly even just one time.
- (5) Carefully select external components (such as inputs and negative feedback capacitors) and load components (such as speakers), for example, power amp and regulator. If there is a large amount of leakage current such as input or negative feedback condenser, the IC output DC voltage will increase. If this output voltage is connected to a speaker with low input withstand voltage, overcurrent or IC failure can cause smoke or ignition. (The over current can cause smoke or ignition from the IC itself.) In particular, please pay attention when using a Bridge Tied Load (BTL) connection type IC that inputs output DC voltage to a speaker directly.

Points to Remember on Handling of ICs

(1) Heat Radiation Design

In using an IC with large current flow such as power amp, regulator or driver, please design the device so that heat is appropriately radiated, not to exceed the specified junction temperature (Tj) at any time and condition. These ICs generate heat even during normal use. An inadequate IC heat radiation design can lead to decrease in IC life, deterioration of IC characteristics or IC breakdown. In addition, please design the device taking into considerate the effect of IC heat radiation with peripheral components.

(2) Back-EMF

When a motor rotates in the reverse direction, stops or slows down abruptly, a current flow back to the motor's power supply due to the effect of back-EMF. If the current sink capability of the power supply is small, the device's motor power supply and output pins might be exposed to conditions beyond absolute maximum ratings. To avoid this problem, take the effect of back-EMF into consideration in system design.

Ab	About solderability, following conditions were confirmed								
•	Solderability								
	 (1) Use of Sn-37Pb solder Bath solder bath temperature = 230°C dipping time = 5 seconds the number of times = once use of R-type flux 								
	 (2) Use of Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Bath solder bath temperature = 245°C dipping time = 5 seconds the number of times = once use of R-type flux 								

RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

Handbook" etc. 021023 A

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